

§ 644.350

32 CFR Ch. V (7–1–08 Edition)

held under lease, permit, license, easement, or similar instrument, useful in connection therewith, except property which is subject to:

(1) A lease containing an option to purchase;

(2) A lease containing a right of first refusal to purchase or to lease for an additional period;

(3) A right in the Government's grantor to the reversion of title; or

(4) A right reserved by the Government's grantor to repurchase the property.

(b) *Public domain.* All withdrawn or reserved public domain lands, together with the improvements thereon which, in the opinion of the DE, have an estimated fair market value of \$1,000 or more, and for which notification, pursuant to 43 CFR 2374.1, has been received from the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) that the property, in effect, has been determined excess within the meaning of the Federal Property Act (see §§ 644.376 through 644.384 for procedures for disposal of public domain land). Minerals in the lands will be specifically excluded from the report of excess unless BLM advises otherwise. The Report of Excess, SF 118, will include as a part of the report on the Government's legal title, a true copy of the notice by BLM to report the property excess, and information of record in BLM on claims, if any, by other agencies, and any claims or encumbrances under the public land laws.

§ 644.350 Excess property reported for screening.

The types of property described in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section must be reported to GSA for screening purposes notwithstanding the fact that the military departments have been delegated authority to dispose of such property. SF 118 will be utilized for reporting these types of property without attaching the usual Schedules A, B, and C and supporting documents. A notice should be included on the face sheet that "This report is made for screening purposes only. Disposal will be accomplished by the Corps of Engineers." Distribution of copies of such reports within the departments is not required.

(a) Land held under lease, permit, license, easement, or similar instrument, other than listed in § 644.351.

(b) Improvements located on non-excess Government-owned lands (including improvements on land held under permit from another Government agency; see §§ 644.376 through 644.384, for preliminary procedure in these cases), which improvements, with related personal property, in the opinion of the responsible DE, have an estimated net salvage value of \$1,000 or more.

(c) Improvements located on excess land held under lease or other temporary right of occupancy (even though a report of excess is not required for the leasehold itself or other right of occupancy interest under the criteria set forth in § 644.351) when, in the opinion of the DE, the improvements have a net salvage or market value of \$1,000 or more, and it is proposed to dispose of such improvements by sale for removal from site. The report of excess will contain an estimate of the cost of restoration necessary under the lease that a prospective transferee agency will be required to assume.

(d) Fee-owned property which, with improvements and related personal property, in the opinion of the responsible Division or District engineer, have a fair market value of \$1,000 or more, and is not reported to the General Services Administration for disposal as a result of the exception contained in § 644.349(a) (because of outstanding options to purchase, etc., or because of rights retained by the Government grantor).

§ 644.351 Excess property exempted from reporting.

No reports to GSA are required for the following types of excess property:

(a) Fee-owned land, including withdrawn or reserved public domain land which BLM made available for disposal under Federal Property Act, together with the Government-owned improvements and related personal property, having an estimated fair market value of less than \$1,000 in the opinion of the responsible DE;

(b) Excess non-Government-owned property held under lease, license, easement, or similar instrument, when

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Government-owned improvements with related personal property have a net salvage value of less than \$1,000 or are to be transferred to the owner of the land in restoration settlement, and;

(1) The lease or similar instrument is subject to termination by the grantor of the premises within nine months; or

(2) The remaining term of the lease or similar instrument, including renewal rights, will provide for less than nine months of use and occupancy; or

(3) A provision of the lease or similar instrument would preclude transfer to another Federal agency or disposal to a third party; or

(4) The lease or similar instrument provides for use and occupancy of space for office, storage, and related facilities, which does not exceed a total of 2,500 square feet; or

(5) Where additional rental would be incurred.

(c) Excess Government-owned improvements on nonexcess land, which improvements, in the opinion of the responsible DE, have a net salvage value of less than \$1,000.

(d) Leased space assigned by GSA, and land and improvements owned by and permitted from other Government agencies.

(e) Excess timber, sand, gravel and stone-quarried products, and growing crops on nonexcess land regardless of value.

(f) Excess withdrawn or reserved public domain lands, regardless of value, which are offered to and accepted by the Department of the Interior for return to the public domain pursuant to §§ 644.376 through 644.384.

(g) Prefabricated movable structures, such as Butler-type storage warehouses and quonset huts, and house trailers (with or without undercarriages), which are located on nonexcess land for off-site use. These types of structures shall be reported as personal property in accordance with FPMR, part 101-43, Utilization of Personal Property. However, when such structures are located on leased or permitted land subjecting the Department to any restoration obligations, the property will be treated as real property for the purpose of satisfying such obligations to the maximum extent feasible.

§ 644.352 Evaluation and reporting of flood hazards.

Pursuant to Executive Order 11296, 10 August 1966, the DE having civil works responsibility for the area where property proposed for disposal is located will evaluate the property (civil or military) for the presence of flood hazards. If such hazards are found, a report will be forwarded to HQDA (DAEN-REM) recommending appropriate restrictions with respect to future uses of the property, or that the property be withheld from disposal. If decision is made to proceed with disposal, detailed information regarding the flood hazard will be reported to GSA on SF 118 as required by FPMR, 101-47.202-2, with the appropriate restrictions with respect to use of the property by a purchaser and his successors. (See ER 1105-2-40 for information on the Flood Plain Management Services Program.)

§ 644.353 Determination of values for reporting.

Where more than one parcel or item of excess property is involved at the same project or installation, the total value of all such parcels or items will be included in determining whether the property has an estimated value of \$1,000 or more for the purpose of making reports of excess. Estimates of value should be made by qualified real estate employees, but not necessarily by a professional appraiser.

§ 644.354 Conditional reports of excess.

As an exception to its general policy, GSA has agreed with the Department of Defense to accept reports of excess on some facilities with instructions on their disposal, specifically:

(a) *Defense Industrial Reserve (DIR)*. The Defense Industrial Reserve Act 50 U.S.C. 451 *et seq.*, authorizes the Secretary of Defense to determine which excess industrial properties should become a part of DIR and to formulate a national security clause or recapture provisions to preserve the production capacity of the plants for use in the event of a national emergency. Excess DIR plants are reported to GSA for disposal subject to the national security clause or the recapture provisions. (See FPMR Subsection 101-47.306-2 for procedures where GSA is unable to dispose